abundant and 15 were trapped. Two other small skinks Menetia greyii (5) and Lerista elegans (1) were recorded, as was the Bobtail tiliqua rugosa (1).

The introduced House Mouse Mus musculus was trapped and dog and cat tracks were seen. No native mammals were recorded.

Six native and two introduced bird species were sighted during the study. The Singing and Brown Honeyeaters Lichmera indistincta and Meliphaga virescens were abundant and feeding on the flowering Candlestick Banksia Banksia attenuata and the Christmas Trees Nuytsia floribunda. The Australian Magpie Cracticus tibicen was present as individuals as well as a family group and the Black-faced Cuckoo-shrike Coracina novaehollandiae, the Red Wattlebird Anthochaera caninculata and the Willy Wagtail Rhipidura leucophrys were also recorded. The Laughing Dove Streptopelia senegalensis and the Spotted Dove S. chinensis were also recorded.

Numerous invertebrates were sighted but only those in the pitfall traps were recorded. These were a beautiful golden centipede, two species of carab beetles (both in great numbers), wolf spiders, ants, earwigs, bush cockroaches, European bees, an orange and black wasp and a solitary ant (wingless female thynnid wasp).

The block is a surprisingly rich bushland considering its small size and the fact that it has been surrounded by housing for about forty years. This bushland is about 1km from Reserve 3694 which was reported on in West. Aust. Nat. 18: 131-138.

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Food Items of Red Wattlebirds — In Spring and early Summer Red Wattlebirds, Anthochaera caninculata, sit near a beehive and catch honeybees in my garden. The bee is either pounced on as it nears the hive entrance or hovers around the hive. Up to six bees were taken within one hour by the same bird (recognisable by feather damage). Sometimes the birds perched nearby, squashed the bees in their bill and swalloed them. No precautions were taken in dealing with the bee's sting. Sometimes the bees were taken away, perhaps to be fed to nestlings.

Red Wattlebirds also take the white, fleshy, sweet petals of a Guava, Feijoa sellowiana, which flowers for about six weeks in Spring.

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A spider capturing a centipede — In February 1981, I was staying in the staff quarters at the Department of Youth, Sport and Recreation Centre, Point Peron, 47 km south of Fremantle, Western Australia.

On the morning of 10 February in the "wash-basin" area, I observed a spider with a centipede in its web. At the time, the prey was feebly struggling and the spider had its chelicerae firmly sunk into the soft pleural membrane close to the 8th segment.